any applicable sections of this subpart; or

(3) In the event there is no information regarding the driver's self-certification for driving type that is required by §383.71(a)(1)(ii), or for a driver who is required by §383.71(h) to be "certified;" if the medical certification status of the individual is "not-certified," the State must deny the CDL action requested by the applicant and initiate a downgrade of the CDL, if required by §383.73(j)(4) of this chapter.

[59 FR 26039, May 18, 1994, as amended at 67 FR 49761, July 31, 2002; 73 FR 73125, Dec. 1, 2008]

§ 384.207 Notification of licensing.

Within the period defined in §383.73(f) of this title, the State shall:

- (a) Notify the operator of the CDLIS of each CDL issuance:
- (b) Notify the operator of the CDLIS of any changes in driver identification information; and
- (c) In the case of transfer issuances, implement the Change State of Record transaction, as specified by the operator of the CDLIS, in conjunction with the previous State of record and the operator of the CDLIS.

§ 384.208 Notification of disqualification.

- (a) No later than 10 days after disqualifying a CDL holder licensed by another State, or revoking, suspending, or canceling an out-of-State CDL holder's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle for at least 60 days, the State must notify the State that issued the license of the disqualification, revocation, suspension, or cancellation.
- (b) The notification must include both the disqualification and the violation that resulted in the disqualification, revocation, suspension, or cancellation. The notification and the information it provides must be recorded on the CDLIS driver record.

[67 FR 49761, July 31, 2002, as amended at 73 FR 73125, Dec. 1, 2008]

§ 384.209 Notification of traffic violations.

(a) Required notification with respect to CDL holders. Whenever a person who holds a CDL from another State is convicted of a violation of any State or

local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than a parking violation), in any type of vehicle, the licensing entity of the State in which the conviction occurs must notify the licensing entity in the State where the driver is licensed of this conviction within the time period established in paragraph (c) of this section.

- (b) Required notification with respect to non-CDL holders. Whenever a person who does not hold a CDL, but who is licensed to drive by another State, is convicted of a violation in a CMV of any State or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than a parking violation), the licensing entity of the State in which the conviction occurs must notify the licensing entity in the State where the driver is licensed of this conviction within the time period established in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) Time period for notification of traffic violations. (1) Beginning on September 30, 2005, the notification must be made within 30 days of the conviction.
- (2) Beginning on September 30, 2008, the notification must be made within 10 days of the conviction.

[67 FR 49761, July 31, 2002]

§384.210 Limitation on licensing.

- A State must not knowingly issue a CDL or a commercial special license or permit (including a provisional or temporary license) permitting a person to drive a CMV during a period in which:
- (a) A person is disqualified from operating a CMV, as disqualification is defined by \$383.5 of this subchapter, or under the provisions of \$383.73(g) or \$384.231(b)(2) of this subchapter;
- (b) The CDL holder's noncommercial driving privilege has been revoked, suspended, or canceled; or
- (c) Any type of driver's license held by such person is suspended, revoked, or canceled by the State where the driver is licensed for any State or local law related to motor vehicle traffic control (other than parking violations).

[67 FR 49761, July 31, 2002]